

## THE WEATHER

Fair and Colder Tonight and Thursday.

## TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

## METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	82 1/2c
Copper	24 1/2c
Lead	8 1/2c
Quicksilver	\$1.05

VOL. XVII No. 101

TONOPAH, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 24, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

## FOOD PRICES IN CHICAGO UNDER SUPERVISION

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Government supervision of food prices went into effect in Chicago yesterday, when the first of the daily prices which Harry A. Wheeler, food administrator for Illinois, considers fair, were formally announced. Prices as they change will be published daily and from time to time as the price committees can agree on prices other staple articles will be added to the list.

The prices given out include flour, sugar and potatoes. The prices fixed as fair averages are about what are being asked by representative grocers in Chicago. The price fixed

for flour in quarter-barrel sacks is from \$2.95 to \$3.10, for which retailers recently have been asking \$3.15. On eighth-barrel sacks the price was fixed at \$1.40 to \$1.50, as against \$1.50 asked by the retailer.

Potatoes jumped in price over night and were quoted by the food administrator at 43 to 46 cents a peck, while the grocers were selling them at 40 to 43 cents.

Sugar prices were fixed at 7 3/4 to 8 1/2 cents a pound, while dealers were asking 9 1/2 cents and 10 cents.

The scarcity of sugar, however, has compelled retailers to pay fancy premiums in order to get enough

to supply their trade. Sales in nearly all cases today were limited to two pounds to a customer.

Reports from railroad officials promised relief from the shortage of sugar. It was reported that a shipment of 300 cars of beet sugar was on its way from the West. This shipment is said to be practically the first of the new fall crop and is expected to be followed quickly by others.

Mr. Wheeler points out that not all retail grocers have agreed to abide by these prices. The remedy suggested is for customers to refuse to buy from all grocers who charge higher prices.

## "PEACEFUL PICKETING" IS LEGAL UNDER DECISION RENDERED TODAY

(By Associated Press.) OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 4.—The right of labor unions to combine and to make use of the "peaceful picket" to fight the "open shop" is upheld in a decision rendered by Judge Charles Leile in the district court of Douglas county in a suit brought by Attorney General Reed of Nebraska to enjoin the Omaha unions and opposed employers from carrying their differences to a point inimical to the orderly course of business.

The attorney general's suit was filed under the "Junkin act," prohibiting combinations in restraint of trade, and was directed against the opposing parties as co-defendants, charging each with conspiracy in violation of the act mentioned.

The court said: "There can be no question that the unions have the right to organize, or combine for their welfare. And their right to do a thing in the furtherance

of their aims, so far as they do not interfere with the rights of others, is clear. They may approach their employers with a request to employ only union men; they may approach non-union men with requests to join the union or to quit work. Unions not directly involved in a strike may decline, if they so desire, to work on jobs held by them to be 'hired' and may approach non-union men with request to leave the work or to join the union, so long as they use no violence, make no threats, nor employ intimidation."

The right of employers to combine to protect their rights is equally strongly put in the decision, with the clear statement that "lockouts" calculated to harm men not involved in strikes, or tending to force outside and disinterested persons to side with them against the unions, is conspiracy in restraint of trade within the meaning of the law.

## DISAFFECTION RULES IN GERMAN RANKS

(By Associated Press.) BRITISH FRONT IN BELGIUM, Oct. 24.—According to reliable information, the British troops found a German officer executed by his own soldiers in one of the redoubts captured Monday from the Germans northeast of Ypres. There are many stories of disaffection among the Germans. Often soldiers are charged with desertion or other violations of the military laws to escape a light punishment.

## FORCES MANEUVERING.

(By Associated Press.) PETROGRAD, Oct. 24.—A semi-official communication published in the Petrograd papers says in effect that the landing of the Germans near Werder is regarded only as a military demonstration to cover up enemy landing on the Riga Gulf, probably between Pernau and Hainach. It also is said that the German retirement (toward the Skid-Lemberg line) is a maneuver to draw the Russian troops nearer Riga, with the intention of attacking from the rear.

## SOLDIERS SUBSCRIBE.

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Col. J. A. Ryan sent word to the committee in charge of the Liberty Loan campaign today that 3,586 of the men in training at Fort Sheridan had subscribed for a total of \$1,383,050. "And there is more to come," the colonel said. The "flying squadron" of bond salesmen reported sales yesterday amounting to almost \$29,000,000, with a total of nearly 64,000 subscribers.

## Bullion Shipped By Belmont Co.

The Tonopah Belmont Development company has made shipments for the first half of October. Its Belmont mill sent out 23 bars, weighing 40,743 ounces, and the Tonopah mill 37 bars, weighing 63,941 ounces. This makes a total of 104,784 ounces, worth approximately \$1,000,000.

## SEIZED POUCHES OF MAIL ARE GIVEN BACK

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The British embassy has decided to deliver to the Swedish legation without examination the three mail pouches seized at Halifax several weeks ago and claimed by Sweden to contain only statistics relating to its import and export trade, called for by the war trade board in its negotiations with Northern European neutrals on exports to those countries. The delivery will be made today. The pouches were taken from the steamer which brought to this country Dr. Hjalmar Lundbohm, the new head of the Swedish economic mission, and the incident has been the subject of considerable diplomatic correspondence.

## OPEN MARKET IMPERATIVE.

(By Associated Press.) ATLANTA, Oct. 24.—Secretary McAdoo, in an address here, declared that Germany's efforts to keep American ships from the high seas was a blow aimed at the prosperity of American farms and business because "We have always produced more than we can consume. Every prosperity of our people and our very life, in fact, depends upon their ability at all times to sell the surplus in the open market of the world."

## GERMANS TAKE AGGRESSIVE.

(By Associated Press.) BERLIN, Oct. 24.—The Teutons have instituted an offensive on the Italian front, the war office announced today. Austrian and German infantry captured the foremost Italian positions near Fitch and Tolmino, on the Bainsizza plateau, the statement says.

## TROOPS WITHDRAWN.

(By Associated Press.) BERLIN, Oct. 24.—German troops were withdrawn Saturday night without interruption from the enemy on a wide front between the Gulf of Riga and Dvina, the war office has announced.

## COLORED TROOPS TO START.

(By Associated Press.) SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 21.—Adjutant General Horree today announced Imperial country's colored draft contingent will start for Camp Lewis October 25.

## GERMANY EXULTS OVER WAR LOAN

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Exultant over the success of its seventh war loan of three and a third billion dollars, the German government, through its official press agencies, is sending out announcements on the subject to the few remaining neutral countries.

"This proof of economic and financial strength, until now unheard of in war history," the statement says, "is the best answer which the German people can give to Wilson's note and to the hope expressed by its adversaries and other people of an economic breakdown of Germany."

## LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE ATTAINS INTENSITY

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Liberty Loan drive attained its greatest intensity today—"Liberty day"—proclaimed a holiday by the nation and states. Millions of workers were released from their duties and turned their efforts to making the drive a success. Public meetings are being held everywhere in an endeavor to dispel the apathy that marked the recent campaign.

Secretary McAdoo appealed to America to make this an "ominous day for the Kaiser"—to make it the beginning of the end of militarism and inhuman warfare.

## PREPARATIONS MADE FOR WINTER'S RIGORS

(By Associated Press.) BASE OF AMERICAN FLOTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, Oct. 24.—All American destroyers will be equipped for the cold days ahead. An entirely new issue of heavy garments, designed by the British from long experience on destroyers in the terrible winter weather off this coast, has been made. The men are asking hardships cheerfully. They ask the homefolks not to forget them while they are facing perils fighting submarine under the vastly new conditions of winter.

## MANY YOUTHFUL ARRIVALS.

(By Associated Press.) WITH FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Oct. 24.—American intelligence officers watched the French Solson drive and saw crowds of German prisoners passing to the rearward. It is reported that a majority of the 1,400 prisoners taken at the village of Altemant belonged to the youngest classes.

## MANY STRIKES SETTLED BY FEDERAL MEDIATORS

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Three hundred strikes or labor controversies, involving 700,000 men directly and 300,000 indirectly, have been settled by federal mediators since war was declared. Forty-five attempts to mediate were unsuccessful. One hundred cases are still pending.

## WARNS AGAINST ANARCHY.

(By Associated Press.) PETROGRAD, Oct. 24.—Minister of the Interior Nikitin, in a proclamation to all commissioners throughout Russia, exhorts all classes to "unite against increasing the anarchy which is driving the country to ruin."

## Famous Explorer Returns Medals

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Norwegian explorer, Amundsen, went to the German legation at Christiania Tuesday and returned to the German minister German decorations as a "personal protest against the German murder of peaceful Norwegian sailors on October 17 in the North Sea," according to Christiania dispatches.

## SINN FEINER IS ARRESTED IN NEW YORK CITY

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Liam Mellows, one of the recognized leaders in the Sinn Fein rebellion in Ireland on Easter Monday, 1916, and an associate, Daron Dr. Von Recklinghausen, a German subject, are under arrest in this city, it is announced by William J. Flynn, chief of the United States secret service. The arrests were made on the announcement by Premier Lloyd George in the house of commons that the British government had information of another plot to land arms in Ireland.

Mellows is charged with obtaining false papers to enable him to leave the United States as an American citizen.

Von Recklinghausen, styled by Flynn as a "patent engineer of no little ability," has been turned over to federal authorities for internment during the war. He is declared to have been an intimate associate of Sinn Feiners. A statement issued by Flynn said papers found in Von Recklinghausen's rooms and on his person show definitely that large sums of money had gone forward to France for ultimate German purposes. Mellows was arrested Monday evening in possession of a seaman's passport made out in the name of Patrick Donnelly, and which it is declared he intended to use in returning to Ireland.

After the failure of the Irish revolution last year, Mellows made his way to the United States by shipping as a coal heaver, according to Flynn's statement. Secret service agents had him under surveillance shortly after his arrival and learned of his association with Dr. Patrick McCarton, known to his Sinn Fein associates in this country as "the first ambassador to the United States from the Irish republic," the statement said. They plotted to return to Ireland and McCarton shipped on an American steamship leaving New York last Wednesday. On advice from New York secret service men, McCarton was arrested at Halifax and now is being held there pending prosecution for his complicity in the Dublin riots and his activities in this country since early last year, according to Flynn.

## KERENSKY MAKES APPEAL.

(By Associated Press.) PETROGRAD, Oct. 24.—In an emotional address Tuesday at the preliminary parliament Dictator Kerensky appealed to the delegates to endeavor to arouse the people to the same sense of individual responsibility which carried Russia to victory for a time past the revolutionary offensive early in July.

## CONSERVING SUGAR.

(By Associated Press.) PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.—The Philadelphia candy factories' sugar supply has been cut off by order of the food administrator.

## MICHAELIS TO RESIGN.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Oct. 24.—Premier Michaelis has placed his portfolio in the hands of Emperor Williams, according to an Amsterdam dispatch.

## TODAY AND A YEAR AGO.

	1917	1916
5 a. m.	46	31
9 a. m.	53	34
12 noon	63	45
2 p. m.	63	50
Maximum Oct. 23	70	46
Minimum Oct. 23	52	24
Relative humidity at 2 p. m.	today, 15 per cent.	

## MIGHTY BLOW STRUCK BY GENERAL PETAIN

(By Associated Press.)

While the allied troops were busy engaged in consolidating positions won Monday in Flanders, the French forces of General Petain struck a mighty and unexpected blow against the German line northeast of Soissons Tuesday morning and made some of the most important gains of territory since they threw back the army of the German crown prince which was besieging Verdun.

The stroke was made over a front of about six miles, from the east of Vauxaillon to Pergny-Filain. Under unfavorable weather conditions the French pushed forward all along the lines, aided by audacious aviators who flew over the German positions at an altitude of about 1,500 feet, using their machine guns, and penetrated the German line at one point to a depth of two and a fifth miles.

Numerous important positions fell into the hands of General Petain's men and in addition more than 7,500 Germans, an enormous amount of war materials and twenty-five heavy and field guns were captured.

## GERMAN PEOPLE EAGER FOR PEACE

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—An Italian workman interned in Germany since the beginning of the war has escaped through the Alps to his own country with a report that the German people want peace and expect it to come in November. Official dispatches just received tell the man's story, according to which the Germans have abandoned hope of victory at arms, laborers are threatening to leave the factories if the war continues another winter and the civil population generally is living under terrible conditions. He said eight hundred soldiers attending a circus at Essen were killed at one time by bombs of allied aviators.

## BIG DRIVE IS ON AT THE AIRDOME

PATRIOTIC MUSIC AND PATRIOTIC SPEECHES, ALL TO HELP LIBERTY LOAN.

Tonopah is a dry town this afternoon, and not only are the saloons closed, but business houses of all kinds and public offices as well. All the precinct leaders and their followings are out canvassing for the sale of bonds and a big subscription list is being obtained, just approximately how much cannot even be guessed at this time.

At 3 this afternoon the Airdome, which had been decorated in patriotic manner for the occasion, was packed to the walls. H. R. Cooke opened with a brief address and took the place of chairman. Other stirring appeals are being delivered by Hugh H. Brown of this city and Rev. Brewster Adams of Reno. The patriotic music is a feature of the occasion. In addition to the notices in the press, the Tonopah Military band, donating its services, paraded the city in a gaily decorated truck provided by the West End company to advertise the mass meeting.

## DRIVE AT SAN FRANCISCO.

(By Associated Press.) SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 24.—Thousands of campaigners combed San Francisco today, enlisting every loose dollar for the Liberty Loan. Business was practically suspended for the Liberty day bond drive, the principal features of which were a parade of approximately 25,000 people and a meeting in the civic auditorium.

## RECEIVER BUYS BONDS.

(By Associated Press.) LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 24.—A million and three-quarters of funds held by the receiver of fourteen Kern county companies involved in the government oil land withdrawal suits has been invested in the Liberty Loan.

## WASHINGTON GOES DRY.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The local supreme court has upheld the law making the capital city dry on November 1.

The greatest depth of the drive was in the center of the line, where the village of Chavignon was captured, after a violent struggle which resulted in the enemy fleeing pell mell. Some of the best troops in the army of the crown prince were engaged in endeavoring to hold back the onslaught, but their efforts were unavailing under the enthusiasm of the French to win positions which would place them more advantageously to press on later toward winter.

In Flanders both the British and French troops are holding all the gains made in Monday's drive northeast of Ypres, except at one place on the southern fringe of Houtholst forest, where the Germans in a fierce counter-attack forced a slight retirement by the British.

The latest advices concerning the naval activity in the Gulf of Riga between the Germans and the Russians show that although the Russians lost the battleship Slava and a large torpedo boat destroyer, the Germans were the heaviest losers. Two of their dreadnaughts, one

cruiser, twelve torpedo boats, one transport and numerous mine sweepers were put out of action by the Russian fleet. While the exact fate of these vessels has not been ascertained by the Petrograd government, it is announced that at least six of the German destroyers were sunk.

Further German attempts to land forces on the Estonia coast to the north of Werder have been repulsed by Russian detachments.

On the other fronts no important engagements are in progress, except in the nature of bombardment. On the Julian front of the Austro-Italian theater the artillery activity again has become intense. An Austrian attack with infantry in the Cadore region was repulsed by the Italians with heavy losses.

The British merchant cruiser Orama, a vessel of 12,927 tons, has been sunk by a submarine and a British destroyer has been lost in a collision. There was no loss of life on the Orama, but only two officers and twenty-one men are reported to have been saved from the destroyer.

## THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND MINERS AGREE TO THE NEW WAGE SCALE

(By Associated Press.) KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 24.—A new wage contract between the 35,000 miners of Arkansas, Oklahoma, Missouri and Kansas was signed here last night by the three district presidents of the United Mine Workers of America for the four states involved and a committee representing the Southwestern Interstate Coal Operators' association, according to F. W. Lukins, president of the operators' organization. The penalty clause in the new contract, a disagreement over which resulted in a recent strike order, was adopted.

Fuel Administrator Garfield, in an address before the operators, pleaded for leaders of the industry to lay aside all difficulties and get behind President Wilson in the fight

against Germany. He made no reference to any possible increase in coal prices by the government or to the demands of the miners in the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois fields for increased wages.

Unless the coal problem is solved, and solved speedily, the operators agreed, the United States will be greatly hampered in the war.

Conscription of labor, if the emergency demands it, was urged by John P. Reese of Gillespie, Ill., general manager of the coal properties of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, who declared:

"If the government has the right to set a price on coal and food and raise money to equip an army, it is able to say to the American laborer: 'You must work!'"

## SPENCER WRIGHT CHEATS THE GALLOWS

While being conveyed from the county jail to the county hospital, Spencer Wright died about 10 o'clock this morning. He thus saves Nye county the heavy expense of trying him for murder.

At 9:40 on the morning of September 10 Wright shot and killed Mattie Wright, with whom he had formerly lived, both being of the colored race. He then placed the pistol to his head and inflicted a wound that was thought to be almost immediately fatal, as a portion of his brains was blown out.

## GREETINGS SENT TO FRANCE.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—An open letter from patriotic societies conveying Liberty day greetings and pledges of national assistance, addressed to General Pershing and his men, expresses confidence in an ultimate "glorious victory" of the American army over the German autocratic government.

## INTERRED SAILORS ESCAPE.

(By Associated Press.) ATLANTA, Oct. 24.—Ten of the several hundred German sailors interned from McPherson have escaped. They included two officers. Officials are investigating reports that outsiders aided.

## CONFRONTING ITALIANS.

(By Associated Press.) ROME, Oct. 21.—Army headquarters announced today that the Austrians have concentrated strong forces on the Italian front. A large portion of these troops are Germans.

## SOLDIERS SUBSCRIBE.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—American army units in France have subscribed \$1,500,000 to the Liberty Loan.

## MANY GERMANS CAPTURED.

(By Associated Press.) PARIS, Oct. 24.—The French captured 8,000 prisoners in an attack to the northeast of Soissons.

Despite the fact that Wright was a dope fiend, he recovered sufficiently to be able to walk to the justice court a month after his injury. Several days ago he instituted a hunger strike and at the same time had periods of unconsciousness, from which he was rescued by officials in the sheriff's office. This morning he fainted and his condition seemed so serious that it was deemed best to take him to the hospital. He died a few minutes after being removed from his cell.

## WARNS AGAINST STRIKE.

(By Associated Press.) HAVANA, Oct. 24.—President Menocal has warned foreigners who instigate or encourage strikes in the sugar producing regions that they will be considered pernicious foreigners and be expelled from Cuba.

## RED CROSS BUYS BONDS.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Red Cross today purchased \$500,000 worth of Liberty Bonds with the available cash in its endowment fund.

## BUTLER THEATRE

## TO-NIGHT

MAE MARSH, in "POLLY OF THE CIRCUS" Greatest Circus Drama Ever Seen. In Eight Big Reels. Admission 10c, 15c, 20c. Night Shows 7 and 8:45.

## TOMORROW

Wm. S. (Bill) Hart, in "The Square Deal Man" A western play brim full of action and suspense. Thrilling story of red-blooded men and women.

Matinee 1:30—Night 7 & 8:30. Admission 10c, 15c, 20c.